

App Inventor (Blockly-based)

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App Inventor 2: building simple Android apps

Built with Blockly

<http://ai2.appinventor.mit.edu>

Build, compile, and deploy on the phone an Android App

NEW!!! for iPhones ALSO!!!

Automatic deploy changes either to the Phone or to an Emulator

Install [AI2 Companion App](#)

Run the Companion and connect by QR or code

Packaged apps can also be installed stand-alone on the phone

Special tricks

Use an emulator instead than a phone

Genymotion for Windows, MAC or Linux

Note: in [Genymotion](#) install the [Arm Translation Toolkit](#)

BlueStacks for Windows or MAC (faster)

Best: share phone screen on PC with [scrcopy](#) (via ADB debug)

via USB or Wifi (if your phone allows it)

The server can be LOCAL [App Inventor 2 Ultimate](#) [2018]

App structure

One “screen” for each phase (config, login, play levels, results ...)

Screens are independent and DO NOT share data or code

(but a local TinyDB key/value DB component allows exchanging data)

Or you can pass/retrieve some text when switching to another screen

Apps are independent and DO NOT share data or code

(you can exchange data by using an external Webservice + WebDB/CloudDB)

Resources (video, audio, files, images ...) are bundled in the apk

Limit: 10 screens max

To mimic many screens you can hide/show widgets in the same screen

Many widgets/objects available

Fields: Form fields and automatic layout constraints

Media: Sound, Movie, Camera, SoundRecorder,
SpeechRecognizer, TextToSpeech, YandexTranslate, ...

Drawing: Canvas, Sprite, Ball

Maps: Maps, Polygonals, Markers, Features (from GeoJson)

Sensors: Accel, Temp, Baro, Gyro, Barcode, Pedometer, NFC, ...

Social: Contacts, PhoneCall, Email, Twitter, Sharing, Texting

Storage: TinyDB, TinyWebDB, CloudDB (Redis), File, FirebaseDB

Connect: BT Client, BT Server, Web, ActivityStarter (other apps)

Lego: NXT, EV3

Data types

Numbers, Strings, Lists, Lists of Lists, (Booleans)

All interface widgets are objects with:

Predefined Properties (pre-set in the IDE, or read/changed by program)

Events they can generate on interaction

Methods that can be called

Some objects are not visual (i.e. BluetoothClient, Sound, ...)

**Computed values are represented with a “puzzle” connector
(while in Scratch they were ovals)**

Some data types enforcement (checked but not shown)

NEW data types and methods

Text: obfuscated text

```
Obfuscated Text " " "
```

Lists: foreach iterator

CSV \Leftrightarrow list of lists

```
list from csv table text
```

list of pairs as a read-only dictionary (FIRST match)

Dictionaries!

with path access to inner values

```
set value for key path  
in dictionary  
to
```

XML \Rightarrow dictionary

```
call Web1 .XMLTextDecodeAsDictionary  
xmlText
```

JSON \Rightarrow dictionary

```
call Web1 .JsonTextDecodeWithDictionaries  
jsonText
```

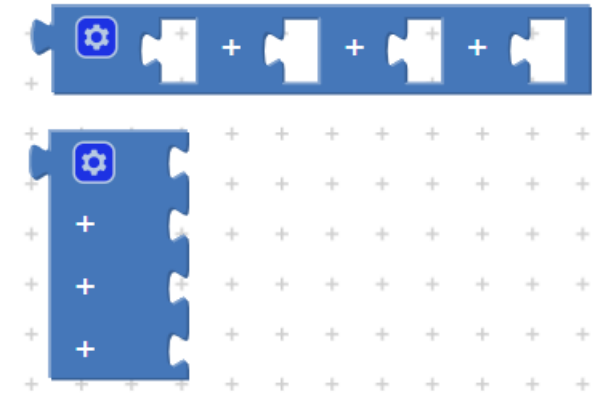
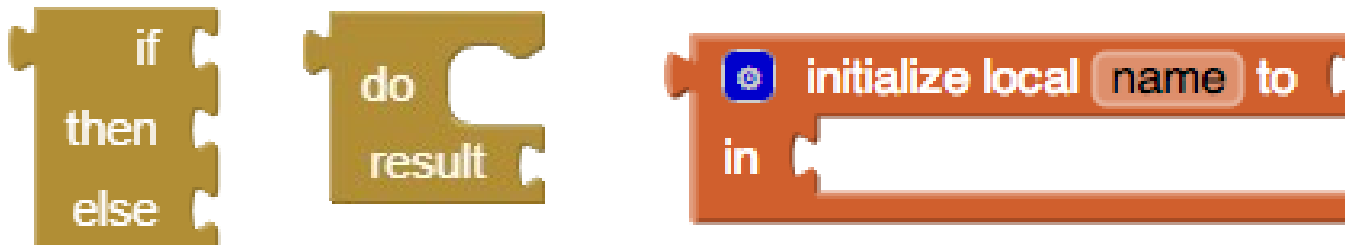
(Visual) Language style / Blocks symbology

Inline / external inputs

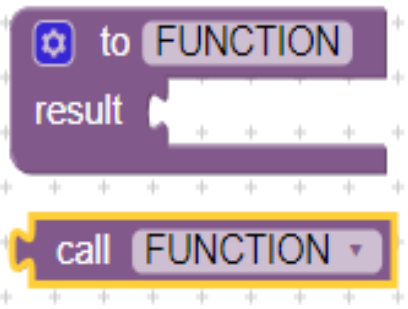
Extensible blocks

Text-based blocks (no pre-scholar)

“Function-like” blocks (with result plug)



“Procedure-like” blocks (without result plug)



Code style: event-based

You implement mainly Events, Procedures and Functions

GLOBAL variables outside any Event/Function/Procedure

You can define variables **LOCAL** to the procedure/function

Can be changed/used only within their “scope bracket” (or as a return value)

This allows a “functional decomposition” style (but no lambdas)

Limited support to debugging (e.g. NO easy variable display)

You can “collapse” the functions/events/procedures

You can enable/disable some blocks

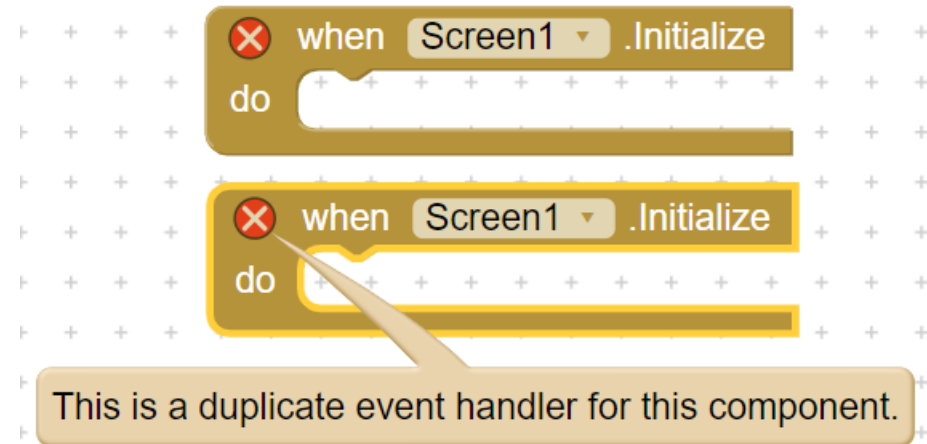
You can “comment” your blocks

All changes are automatically reflected in the Appinventor Companion

Execution model: event-based programming

NO multiple concurrent events

NO message passing



Almost all objects generate events when interacted with

E.g. “When the screen changes”, “When the button is clicked”,
“When the text-area content is changed”, “When permission is granted”,
“When got/lost focus”, “Before/After choosing”,
“When the screen orientation is changed” ...

Asynchronous protocols?

Asynchronous protocols are split in 2 or more phases

E.g. “Ajax query to web URL”

```
call Web1 .Get
```

“When the response arrives” events

```
when Web1 .GotText  
  url responseCode responseType responseContent  
do
```

This to remove busy wait and to get an async interaction

To behave differently for different cases you can use globals as semaphores

NO object orientation (no way to add properties or to clone)

How to enable students' cooperation

[Kate Feeney's MA thesis at the Mills College]

Ask each student to implement just one screen of a complex App

Start with a template App (just empty screens and media files)

Students agree on data interactions, data formats and names

Common resources can be shared among screens

Communication between screens is handled by TinyDB objects

At the end you merge all the screens made by the students into a single App (with the **AI2 Project Merger Tool**)

Homework: build an app/game cooperatively

Other ways to organize collaboration projects

Multiple interacting applications can communicate through

- Bluetooth (direct communication + protocol implementation)
- Wifi + CloudDB (central coordination by data sharing)

Examples:

- Collect and map features on the field in real time
- Collect data from sensors and visualize them in real time
- ...

Extensions (written in Java/native)

ImageProcessor: weighted combination of images

VectorArithmetic: vector sum

SoundAnalysis: pitch decoder (note recognition)

Posenet: body pose estimation (key joints of a human)

BluetoothLE: Bluetooth Low Energy

ScaleDetector: pinch zoom/reduce

Look: classify images/videos

ImageClassifier: classify images/videos with your model

MANY MANY MANY MORE!