

Intensive Computation

Prof. A. Massini

13 June 2022

Part 2

- Student's Name -

- *Matricola* number -

Exercise 1 (5 points)	
Exercise 2 (5 points)	
Question 1 (5 points)	
Exercise 3 (6 points)	
Question 2 (5 points)	
Exercise 4 (6 points)	
Total (32 points)	

Exercise 1 (5 points) – Interconnection Networks

- a) Design a Clos network of size 256×256 , using in the first stage modules having 20 inputs. Consider both cases, **strictly non-blocking** and **rearrangeable** network.
- b) Compare the cost of the two Clos networks designed in the previous point with:
 - i. The crossbar 256×256
 - ii. The butterfly of size $N=256$ (256 inputs and outputs).

Exercise 2 (5 points) – Interconnection Networks

Briefly explain how the routing algorithm works for a **Butterfly network** and a **Cube network**. Consider both networks of size $N=8$ and show the path between input 0 and output 4 and between input 2 and output 0.

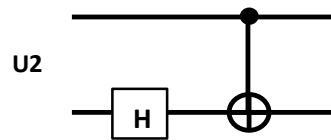
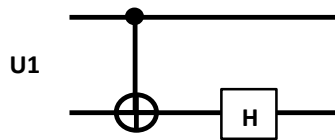
Question 1 (5 points) – Interconnection networks

Give the definition (and a picture) of the Fat Tree in both versions, the GFT and the XGFT, highlighting the differences.

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Exercise 3 (6 points) – Quantum circuits

Consider the two-qubit transformations U1 and U2 shown below



- Show if U1 and U2 represent the same transformation writing the associated 4x4 matrices.
- Show how U1 and U2 act on the states $|00\rangle = |0\rangle \otimes |0\rangle$ and $|10\rangle = |1\rangle \otimes |0\rangle$.

Question 2 (5 points) – Quantum circuits

Explain how to obtain a controlled gate in both cases when the control bit is the upper and the lower bit, using the method of the projection matrix.

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Consider the sparse matrix 12x12 and its pattern shown here below

A scatter plot showing the relationship between the number of iterations (it) on the x-axis and the number of non-zero elements (nz) on the y-axis. The x-axis ranges from 0 to 12, and the y-axis ranges from 0 to 12. The data points show a decreasing trend, indicating that the number of non-zero elements decreases as the number of iterations increases.

Iteration (it)	Non-zero elements (nz)
0	31
1	30
2	29
3	28
4	27
5	26
6	25
7	24
8	23
9	22
10	21
11	20
12	19

- MSR

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