Exercises for GPU - CUDA

From book: Programming Massively Parallel Processors - Kirk, Hwu

- 3.5. If we need to use each thread to calculate one output element of a vector addition, what would be the expression for mapping the thread/block indices to data index:
- (A) i = threadIdx.x + threadIdx.y
- (B) i = blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x
- (C) i = blockIdx.x*blockDim.x + threadIdx.x
- (D) i = blockIdx.x*threadIdx.x
- 3.6 We want to use each thread to calculate two (adjacent) elements of a vector addition. Assume that a variable i should be the index for the first element to be processed by a thread. What would be the expression for mapping the thread/block indices to data index?
- (A) i = blockIdx.x*blockDim.x + threadIdx.x + 2
- (B) i = blockIdx.x*threadIdx.x*2
- (C) i = (blockIdx.x*blockDim.x + threadIdx.x)*2
- (D) i = blockIdx.x*threadIdx.x*2 + threadIdx.x
- 3.7. For a vector addition, assume that the vector length is 2000, each thread calculates one output element, and the thread block size is 512 threads. How many threads will be in the grid?
- (A) 2000
- (B) 2024
- (C) 2048
- (D) 2096
- 4.1. If a CUDA device's SM (streaming multiprocessor) can take up to 1536 threads and up to 4 thread blocks. Which of the following block configuration would result in the most number of threads in the SM?
- (A) 128 threads per block
- (B) 256 threads per block
- (C) 512 threads per block
- (D) 1024 threads per block

4.4. You need to write a kernel that operates on an image of size 400x900 pixels. You would like to assign one thread to each pixel. You would like your thread blocks to be square and to use the maximum number of threads per block possible on the device (your device has compute capability 3.0). How would you select the grid dimensions and block dimensions of your kernel?
4.5. For the previous question, how many idle threads do you expect to have?

4.7. Indicate which of the followit is not possible, indicate the li	wing assignments per multiprocessomiting factor(s).	or is possible. In the case where
a) 8 blocks with 128 threads ea	ch on a device with compute capab	ility 1.0
b) 8 blocks with 128 threads ea	nch on a device with compute capab	oility 1.2
c) 8 blocks with 128 threads ea	ch on a device with compute capab	ility 3.0
d) 16 blocks with 64 threads ea	ich on a device with compute capab	oility 1.0
e) 16 blocks with 64 threads ea	ch on a device with compute capab	ility 1.2
f) 16 blocks with 64 threads eac	ch on a device with compute capabi	ility 3.0

Technical specifications	Compute capability (version)										
	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.x	3.0	3.5	3.7	5.0	5.2	
Maximum dimensionality of grid of thread	2				3						
blocks											
Maximum x-dimension of a grid of thread	65535					2 ³¹ -1					
blocks											
Maximum y-, or z-dimension of a grid of thread						6553	5				
blocks											
Maximum dimensionality of thread block	3										
Maximum x- or y-dimension of a block	512				1024						
Maximum z-dimension of a block	64										
Maximum number of threads per block	512				1024						
Warp size	32										
Maximum number of resident blocks per	8						16	32			
multiprocessor											
Maximum number of resident warps per	2	4	3	2	48	48 64					
multiprocessor											
Maximum number of resident threads per	768 1024 1536 2048										
multiprocessor											
Number of 32-bit registers per multiprocessor	8			K	32 K			K			
Maximum number of 32-bit registers per	128 63 255										
thread								T			
Maximum amount of shared memory per	16 KB		48 KB			112	64	96			
multiprocessor						KB	KB	KB			
Number of shared memory banks	16				32						
Amount of local memory per thread	16 KB				512 KB						
Constant memory size	64 KB										
Technical specifications	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.x	3.0	3.5	3.7	5.0	5.2	
	Compute capability (version)										

CUDA Thread Indexing Cheatsheet

```
1D grid of 1D blocks
device int getGlobalIdx 1D 1D()
       return blockldx.x *blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
1D grid of 2D blocks
device int getGlobalIdx 1D 2D()
       return blockIdx.x * blockDim.x * blockDim.y + threadIdx.y * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
}
1D grid of 3D blocks
device int getGlobalIdx_1D_3D()
{
       return blockldx.x * blockDim.x * blockDim.y * blockDim.z
       + threadIdx.z * blockDim.y * blockDim.x + threadIdx.y * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
2D grid of 1D blocks
device int getGlobalIdx 2D 1D()
       int blockId = blockIdx.y * gridDim.x + blockIdx.x;
       int threadId = blockId * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
       return threadId;
2D grid of 2D blocks
__device__ int getGlobalIdx_2D_2D()
       int blockId = blockIdx.x + blockIdx.y * gridDim.x;
       int threadId = blockId * (blockDim.x * blockDim.y) + (threadIdx.y * blockDim.x) +
threadIdx.x;
       return threadId;
2D grid of 3D blocks
__device__ int getGlobalIdx_2D_3D()
       int blockId = blockIdx.x
                      + blockIdx.y * gridDim.x;
       int threadId = blockId * (blockDim.x * blockDim.y * blockDim.z)
                       + (threadIdx.z * (blockDim.x * blockDim.y))
                       + (threadIdx.y * blockDim.x)
                       + threadIdx.x;
       return threadId;
}
```

```
3D grid of 1D blocks
__device__ int getGlobalIdx_3D_1D()
       int blockId = blockIdx.x
                      + blockldx.y * gridDim.x
                      + gridDim.x * gridDim.y * blockIdx.z;
       int threadId = blockId * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
       return threadId;
}
3D grid of 2D blocks
__device__ int getGlobalIdx_3D_2D()
       int blockId = blockIdx.x
                   + blockIdx.y * gridDim.x
                      + gridDim.x * gridDim.y * blockIdx.z;
       int threadId = blockId * (blockDim.x * blockDim.y)
                       + (threadIdx.y * blockDim.x)
                       + threadIdx.x;
       return threadId;
3D grid of 3D blocks
__device__ int getGlobalIdx_3D_3D()
{
       int blockId = blockIdx.x
                      + blockIdx.y * gridDim.x
                      + gridDim.x * gridDim.y * blockIdx.z;
       int threadId = blockId * (blockDim.x * blockDim.y * blockDim.z)
                       + (threadIdx.z * (blockDim.x * blockDim.y))
                       + (threadIdx.y * blockDim.x)
                       + threadIdx.x;
       return threadId;
```

}