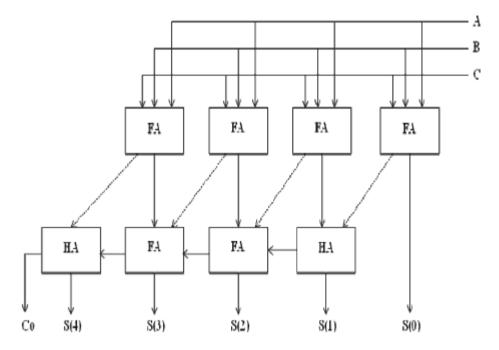
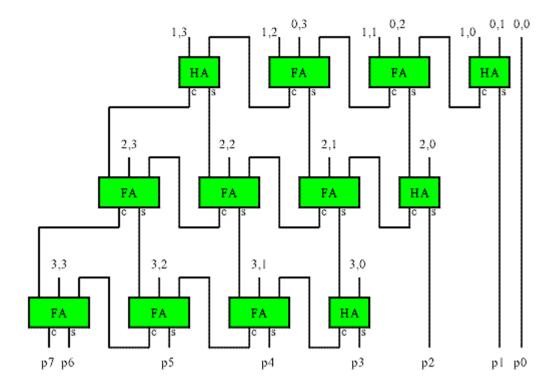
Compute the **time** (propagation delay) and **area** required by the 4-bits Carry-Save-Adder, that is an adder for three values A, B and C, shown here below.

Compute the **speedup** of 4-bits Carry-Save-Adder with respect to the standard binary ripple-carry adder.



Compute the **time** (propagation delay) and **area** required by the 4-bits **ripple carry array multiplier**, shown here below.

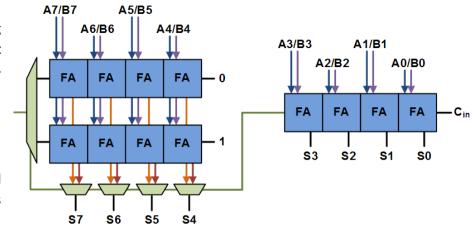


Exercise 3 (3+2 points) - Circuit time and area

A particular way to implement an adder is given by the *carry-select adder*, generally consisting of ripple carry adders and multiplexers. A 8-bit carry-select adder with a uniform block size of 4 is shown in the figure.

- i) Compute the *time* (propagation delay) and *area* required by the 8-bit carry-select adder.
- ii) Compare the 8-bits carry-select adder and the standard binary ripple-carry adder (that is compute the **speedup** both for time and area).

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Exercise 3 (3+2 points) - Circuit time and area

A particular way to implement an adder is given by the *carry-select adder*, generally consisting of ripple carry adders and multiplexers. A 7-bit carry-select adder with a variable block size is shown in the figure.

- i) Compute the *time* (propagation delay) and *area* required by the 7-bit carry-select adder.
- ii) Compare the 7-bits carry-select adder and the standard binary ripple-carry adder (that is compute the **speedup** both for time and area).

APA course - 5 July 2017 - Part A (b)

